NHERI TallWood Project: Seismically Resilient Tall Wood Buildings

Co-PI and Collaborator in NHERI TallWood:

Keri Ryan
Steve Pryor
John W. van de Lindt
Jeffrey Berman
Tara Hutchinson
Reid Zimmerman
James D Dolan

University of Nevada Reno Simpson Strong-Tie Colorado State Univ. University of Washington Univ. of California San Diego KPFF Consulting Engineers Washington State Univ.

Shiling Pei, Ph.D. P.E. Colorado School of Mines

My Background



PhD 2007, Colorado State University Advisor: John W van de Lindt

Shiling Pei, Ph.D, PE, F. SEI & ASCE Associate Prof. Colorado School of Mines Email: <u>spei@mines.edu</u> Twitter: @slpei Website: <u>http://nheritallwood.mines.edu/</u>

- Conducting wood building research since 2004
- Start doing MT research in 2010
- A two-story test in 2017
- A 10-story test in 2023
- Working on P695 study on Mass Timber RW



2009 NEESWood Project (post-doc work)





2017 2-story test

2023 NHERI TallWood Project

(Lead PI on NHERI TallWood Project)

What is a Seismically Resilient Building?

2011 Christchurch Earthquake M6.2



Credit: Elle Hunt https://www.theguardian.com/





Credit: Elle Hunt https://www.theguardian.com/



Credit: Elle Hunt https://www.theguardian.com/

This is what you get by following typical modern building codes (maybe except in Japan)

Total Buildings Demolished AFTER the earthquake



Total Casualty

185

Can Wood Building do better?

Total Buildings Demolished AFTER the earthquake



Total Casualty



Could we do this?

In Theory This is Doable



WOOD Push Puppet on Steroid



Post-tensioned Mass Timber Rocking Wall







NHERI TallWood Project

Project duration: 2016~2023

Developing Resilience-based Seismic Design Method for Tall Wood buildings





MORETNUCTURAL INALL, BRANS FOR

MPP

HAUL SPANS

Rocking walls

Elevation & Rocking Wall

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with 3 segments

2.5.4 2 -17 ALL AL C STYDEP A UNIT SPLEE IN Rocking wall panels assembled ALC: NO - 1874-O 1004-03 Π \square \square - 編集- () \square Π

Total height 110 ft (~33m)

Busch, A., R. B. Zimmerman, S. Pei, E. McDonnell, P. Line, and D. Huang. "Prescriptive seismic design procedure for post-tensioned mass timber rocking walls." Journal of Structural Engineering 148, no. 3 (2022): 04021289.

(2) UFP PL 1/2x1 SEE NOTE 384

(7) 3/4 13/16' DIA F HEAD

0

0

6 3/4"

C CLTWHP

Using UFP (U-shaped

flexural plate) for **Energy dissipation**

(4) 1/2" DIA A325 BOLTS AT EACH UFP REF. NOTE 2 -

PL 1X9X3-0" CENTERED ON WALL TYP.

MPP OR CLT LATERAL







Now you have a design: Fund-raise to build it





Construction: First thing first, foundations



Foundation needed for expanding shake table

This was done by the end of May 2022







Early June

Placing and Post-tensioning of the foundation blocks and beams





July

Swinerton arrived on site after 7/4 Stair first, then Column of the first 3 floors CLT floors.





Rocking Wall Panels

Each Rocking wall consists of 3 segments

Manufacture



Fabricate and ship



Arrive on site





Hardware prep and install













Features of Stair Testing



Credit: Prof. Tara Hutchinson, UCSD





the wall

Credit: Prof. Keri Ryan, U Nevada Reno































Are you going to collapse it?

Test Program

Wichman (2023). "Seismic Behavior of Tall Rocking Mass Timber Walls" Ph.D. thesis, University of Washington, Seattle, Washington.



Ground motion selected to represent different return periods at the design location (Seattle WA) Motions also represent different seismic sources (crustal, subduction interface, subduction intraslab) Motions include uniaxial, biaxial, and 3D How many earthquakes should we run? Total 88 Seismic Tests in Phase 1

Test Program	(Cont.)
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Hazard Level	Design Set #	Record ID	Earthquake Name	Source
43	3	4213	Niigata, Japan	Crustal
	6	CHBH041103111446	Tohoku	Interface
	7	HKD1310309260450	Tokachi	Interface
	10	subRSN2000890	Ferndale	Intraslab
	11	subRSN2000905	Ferndale	Intraslab
225	3	4213	Niigata, Japan	Crustal
	6	CHBH041103111446	Tohoku	Interface
	7	HKD1310309260450	Tokachi	Interface
	10	subRSN2000890	Ferndale	Intraslab
	11	subRSN2000905	Ferndale	Intraslab
475	2	2951	Chi-Chi	Crustal
	3	3471	Chi-Chi	Crustal
	4	4213	Niigata, Japan	Crustal
	6	CHBH041103111446	Tohoku	Interface
	10	subRSN2000890	Ferndale	Intraslab
	11	subRSN2000905	Ferndale	Intraslab
	2	268	Victoria, Mexico	Crustal
	4	964	Northridge-01	Crustal
975	5	CHBH041103111446	Tohoku	Interface
	6	HKD1270309260450	Tokachi	Interface
	11	subRSN2000890	Ferndale	Intraslab
	3	4228	Niigata, Japan	Crustal
	5	761	Loma Prieta	Crustal
MCE _R	7	CHBH041103111446	Tohoku	Interface
	8	HKD1270309260450	Tokachi	Interface
	11	subRSN2000890	Ferndale	Intraslab
Media	Media Day*	964	Northridge-01	Crustal

A suite of historical ground motions were selected and scaled to represent different hazard levels. These were also used in the RBSD of the building

An unique opportunity to apply the design suite for actual tests.



Phase 1 Completed

MCE: Loma Prieta EQ (0.76 g)



Gravity Column



Corner of the West Rocking wall





NS performance: Effective low damage detail (MCE)

You can see the NS façade returned to original position after shake







Initial Observations

- Building periods are relatively long (about 1.8-2 sec)
- After all 88 earthquake loading, No structural damage, No residual drift.
- Further tests for a total of more than 200 earthquakes, rocking wall element and gravity framing essentially undamaged
- Large overall building deformation, rocking mechanism engaged at intensity levels above DBE, reached close to 3% max drift
- Low-damage NS system details are effective, did not break a single window.

First Paper to JSE:

"Shake Table Test of a Full-Scale Ten-Story Resilient Mass Timber Building"





More testing...

- Payload test by MTU (June 2023) +19 shakes
- Phase 2 Japanese test (August 2023) +51 shakes
- Deconstruction to 6-story

Prof. Andre Barbosa from OSU (3 phases of testing) <u>Converging Design – Home – TallWood Design Institute</u> (tallwoodinstitute.org) + 66 shakes (first 2 config) So far 88+19+51+66=224 earthquakes



NHERI TallWood 10-story Building Specimen





NHERI Converging Design 6-story Building Specimen



Codification underway...



Previous Wood Innovation Fund

Development of prescriptive design provisions and commentary for post-tensioned mass timber rocking wall lateral systems. (2018-2023) Completed





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FEMA P695 Study on post-tensioned mass timber rocking wall lateral systems (2024-2026) on going

(Mandatory) Requirements for Post-Tensioned Mass Timber Rocking Walls C.1 General

C.1.1 Scope

C.1.2 Notation

These provisions shall be used for the design and construction of all members and connections that are part of a post-tensioned mass timber rocking wall lateral force-resisting system (LFRS) including mass timber panels, mass timber bounding columns (where present), post-tensioning components, and energy dissipation components. The provisions provided herein shall be applied in combination with the requirements of this Standard, the NDS including Appendix E, ASCE 7-16, and the applicable building code

 $F_{vt,i}$ = initial force in post-tensioning components for wall segment j, lb.

Ft(Aparallel)'= adjusted tension design value for mass timber panel composed of cross-laminated timber, lb.

Medrm.i = moment capacity of the rocking mechanism contributed by all the energy dissipation components for wall segment / lb-in

 $M_{n,rm,j}$ = nominal moment capacity of the rocking mechanism for wall segment /, lb-in.

 $M_{n,m,i}^{*}$ = nominal moment capacity of the rocking mechanism neglecting energy dissipation components for wall segment j, lb-in.

Mpr,rmj = probable moment capacity of the rocking mechanism for wall segment j, lb-in.

Busch et al. (2021) "Prescriptive Seismic Design Procedure for Post-Tensioned Mass Timber Rocking Walls", Journal of Structural Engineering.

Prescriptive Seismic Design Procedure for Post-Tensioned Mass Timber Rocking Walls

A. Busch, S.M.ASCE¹; R. B. Zimmerman, M.ASCE²; S. Pei, M.ASCE³; E. McDonnel, M.ASCE⁴; P. Line, M.ASCE⁵; and D. Huang, S.M.ASCE⁶

Abstract: In this study, a prescriptive seismic design procedure for post-tensioned mass timber rocking wall lateral force-resisting systems is proposed. Unlike performance-based design approaches that employ nonlinear analysis, this procedure utilizes techniques and analysis procedures that are routinely applied in design industry practice as well as adhering to traditional approaches contained in current US standards. The design procedure targets providing a basis for prescriptive design of mass timber rocking wall lateral force-resisting systems and their future adoption into model codes. For illustration, the design approach is applied to an example building, with the building's performance validated through a nonlinear numerical model simulation. DOI: 10.1061/(ASCE)ST.1943-541X.0003240. © 2021 American Society of

ASCE7 update (2028)

Thank You

Earthquake-proof Tall Buildings



Yes. Mass Timber + Rocking Wall

At least we know **for sure** this is one of the ways to do it.



And we are working to codify it in ASCE7 and SPDWS



NHERI TallWood

COLORADO SCHOOL OF MINES	SIMF	PSON
WNIVERSITY of WASHINGTON	Stron	ng-Tie
University of Nevada, Reno	Happiness G	rows from Trees O FORESTRY
Colorado State University	Baias	
Michigan Technological University	MASS TIMBER SER	
UC San Diego 京都大学 KYOTO UNIVERSITY	Idaho Forest	
University of California at San Diego		
Natural Hazards Engineering Research Infrastructure		WINCO E ^r ponent
Special Thanks to UCSD Drone Lab for great footage!		Henkel

ALERTCalifornia







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The structural system scope of this project is sponsored by NSF Grants No. 1635227, 1634628, 1634204. The nonstructural component scope of this project is sponsored by NSF Grant No. CMMI-1635363 and USFS Grant No. 19-DG-11046000-16. The use and operation of NHERI shake table facility is supported by NSF through Grant No. CMMI-2227407. The test program also received great technical, financial, and material donation support from industry leaders both with the U.S. and internationally; please see the full list of sponsors at http://nheritallwood.mines.edu/collaboration.html. The project team is very grateful for this support.